

# RTP5000 Series Real-Time Peak Power Sensors



# RTP5000 Series

#### **Real-Time Peak Power Sensors**

The Boonton RTP5000 series Real-Time Peak Power Sensors are the performance leaders in RF and microwave peak power measurement. They offer industry-leading performance with the widest video bandwidth, fastest rise times, finest time resolution, narrowest minimum pulse widths, highest pulse repetition rates, and superior measurement reading rates. In addition, the RTP5000 series sensors incorporate Boonton's unique Real-Time Power Processing™ technology.



#### **Key Features**

- Real-Time Power Processing™
- 16 automated pulse measurements
- Crest Factor and statistical measurements (e.g., CCDF)
- Synchronized multi-channel measurements (up to 8 channels with GUI, >8 with remote control)
- Power Analyzer: advanced measurement and analysis software

With superior performance and a small form factor, the Boonton RTP5000 series is ideal for many purposes ranging from design and verification, through manufacturing, to field installation and maintenance. The sensors are trusted by engineers and technicians at industry-leadering companies to measure pulsed, bursted, and/or modulated signals used in commercial and military radar, electronic warfare (EW), wireless communications (e.g., LTE, LTE-A, and 5G), and consumer electronics (WLAN), as well as education and research applications.

### **Key Specifications**

Frequency range 50 MHz to 40 GHz

Measurement range -60 dBm to +20 dBm

Video bandwidth195 MHzRise-time< 3 ns</th>Time Resolution/Trigger Jitter100 ps

Min Pulse Width / Max PRF10 ns / 50 MHzMeasurement Speed100,000 per second.



## Real-Time Power Processing™

Boonton Real-Time Power Processing™ dramatically reduces the total cycle time for acquiring and processing power measurement samples. By combining a dedicated acquisition engine, hardware trigger, integrated sample buffer, and a real-time optimized parallel processing architecture, Real-Time Power Processing™ performs most of the sweep processing steps simultaneously, beginning immediately after the trigger instead of waiting for the end of the acquisition cycle.

The advantages of the Real-Time Power Processing<sup>™</sup> technique are shown in Figure 1a. Key processing steps take place in parallel and keep pace with the signal acquisition. With no added computational overhead to prolong the sweep cycle, the sample buffer cannot overflow. As a result, there is no need to halt acquisition for trace processing. This means gap-free signal acquisition virtually guarantees that intermittent signal phenomena such as transients, dropouts, or interference will be reliably captured and analyzed, shown in Figure 1b. These sorts of events are most often missed by conventional power meters due to the acquisition gaps while processing takes place.

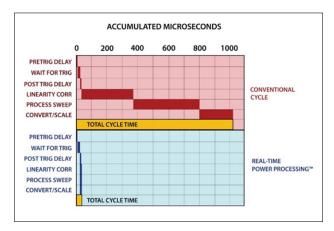


Figure 1a. Comparison between conventional power measurement sample processing and Real-Time Power Processing™.

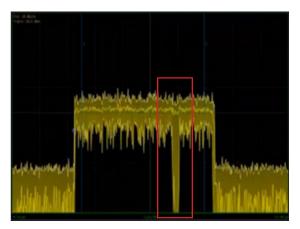


Figure 1b. Identification of a signal dropout with Real-Time Power Processing  $^{\text{\tiny{TM}}}$ .

## **Superior Time Resolution**

The RTP5000 series features 100 ps time base resolution and with an acquisition rate up to 100 MSPS, can provide 50 points per division with a time base range as low as 5 ns / division. This enables users to see meaningful waveform information (Figure 2a) missed by alternative power analyzers (Figure 2b). In addition, Boonton's superior time management enables several other advantages. Pulse widths as narrow as 10 ns can be captured and characterized with outstanding trigger stability (< 100 ps jitter, rms).



Figure 2a. RTP5000 series waveform analysis with 10 ns/div time base and 50 samples per division.

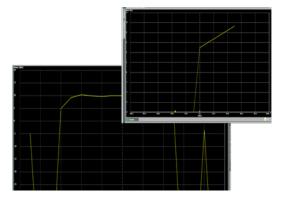


Figure 2b. "Conventional" power meter waveform analysis with 10 ns/div time base and 1 sample per division.

## **Simplified Test with Automated Measurements**

To simplify test, the RTP5000 series can measure and calculate 16 common power and timing parameters and display the parameters of interest(Figure 3). Other parameters include: rise time, fall time, pulse average, overshoot, and droop.

Use markers to define a portion of the waveform on which to make measurements. "Between Marker" measurements are ideal for monitoring parameters such as pulse power or crest factor over long intervals.

Parameter	CH1
Width	20.000 μs
Period	1.0000 ms
PRF	1.0000 kHz
Duty	2.000 %
Offtime	980.00 μs
WavAv	-4.897 dBm
PulsPk	15.351 dBm
Тор	12.071 dBm
Bottom	-30.093 dBm
EdgDly	355.01 μs
Skew	0.00 ns

Figure 3. Automatic Pulse Measurements

## **Powerful Statistical Analysis**

Crest factor, or peak-to-average power ratio, is an important measurement for characterizing device-under-test (DUT) performance, such as amplifier linearity. With the Boonton Power Analyzer software package, users can utilize the complementary cumulative distribution function (CCDF) to assess the probability of various crest factor values to gain further insight into DUT performance. The CCDF and other statistical values are determined from a very large population of power samples captured at a 100 MSPS acquisition rate on all channels simultaneously.

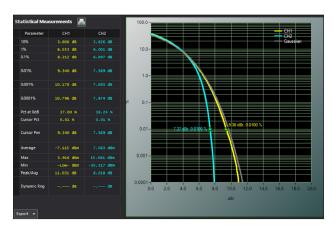


Figure 4. Comparing CCDF plots of a signal at an amplifier input (yellow) and output (blue).

#### **Measurement Buffer Mode**

The RTP5000 series Measurement Buffer mode is a remote control function that works in conjunction with Real-Time Power Processing™ to provide only the relevant burst or pulse information, eliminating the need to download and post-process large sample buffers. As a result, users can collect and analyze measurements from a virtually unlimited number of consecutive pulses or events. A wide variety of parameters can be calculated and plotted, such as duty cycle, pulse repetition rate, pulse width variation, and pulse jitter. In addition, anomalies, such as dropouts, can be identified.

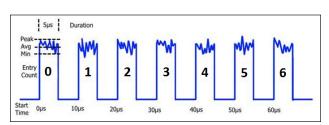


Figure 5a. Example seven pulse waveform.

Entry Count	Interval Start	Interval Duration	Interval Average	Interval Minimum	Interval Peak
0	0.00 us	5.01 us	-0.043 dBm	-39.042 dBm	8.826 dBm
1	9.99 us	5.00 us	-0.006 dBm	-38.431 dBm	8.827 dBm
2	19.99 us	5.01 us	0.039 dBm	-41.549 dBm	9.742 dBm
3	30.00 us	5.00 us	0.017 dBm	-38.551 dBm	9.802 dBm
4	40.01 us	5.00 us	0.022 dBm	-40.699 dBm	9.477 dBm
5	49.99 us	5.00 us	-0.020 dBm	-39.706 dBm	8.102 dBm
6	60.00 us	5.00 us	0.036 dBm	-37.803 dBm	9.750 dBm

Figure 5b. Measurement buffer data returned for waveform in Figure 5a.

Specifications	RTP5006	RTP5318	RTP5518	RTP5340	RTP5540
RF Frequency Range	50 MHz to 6 GHz	50 MHz to 18 GHz	50 MHz to 18 GHz	50 MHz to 40 GHz	50 MHz to 40 GHz
Dynamic Range					
Average	-60 to +20 dBm	-34 to +20 dBm	-50 to +20 dBm	-34 to +20 dBm	-50 to +20 dBm
Pulse	-50 to +20 dBm	-24 to +20 dBm	-40 to +20 dBm	-24 to +20 dBm	-40 to +20 dBm
Internal Trigger Range					
Range	-38 to +20 dBm	-10 to +20 dBm	-27 to +20 dBm	-10 to +20 dBm	-27 to +20 dBm
Min Pulse Width (fast/std)	10 ns / 3 μs	10 ns / 3 μs	200 ns / 3 μs	10 ns / 3 μs	200 ns / 3 μs
Max Repetition Rate	50 MHz	50 MHz	5 MHz	50 MHz	5 MHz
Rise time (fast/std)	3 ns / < 10 μs	5 ns / < 10 μs	< 100 ns / < 10 µs	5 ns / < 10 μs	< 100 ns / < 10 µs
Video Bandwidth (high/std)	195 MHz / 350 kHz	70 MHz / 350 kHz	6 MHz / 350 kHz	70 MHz / 350 kHz	6 MHz / 350 kHz
Single-shot Bandwidth	35 MHz	35 MHz	6 MHz	35 MHz	6 MHz
RF Input	Type N, 50 Ω	Type N, 50 Ω	Type N, 50 Ω	2.92 mm, 50 Ω	2.92 mm, 50 Ω
VSWR	1.25 (0.05 to 6 GHz)	1.15 (0.05 to 2.0 GHz)	1.15 (0.5 to 2.0 GHz)	1.25 (0.05 to 4.0 GHz)	1.25 (0.5 to 4.0 GHz)
		1.28 (2.0 to 16 GHz)	1.20 (2.0 to 6.0 GHz)	1.65 (4 to 38 GHz)	1.65 (4.0 to 38 GHz)
		1.34 (16 to 18 GHz)	1.28 (6.0 to 16 GHz)	2.00 (38 to 40 GHz)	2.00 (38 to 40 GHz)
			1.34 (16 to 18 GHz)		

For sensor uncertainties, utilize the Boonton RTP5000 Series uncertainty calculator at  ${\bf www.boonton.com}$ .

Series	Spec	ificat	ions
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Trigger Latency

Sampling Techniques	Real-time / Equivalent Time / Statistical Sampling	
Continuous Sample Rate	100 MHz	
Effective Sample Rate	10 GHz	
Time Base		
Time Base Range	5 ns / div to 50 ms / div (pulse mode)	
Time Base Accuracy	+/- 25 ppm	
Time Base Resolution	100 ps (RIS mode)	
	10 ns (Single-sweep)	
Trigger		
Trigger Sources	Internal (applied RF), External TTL,	
	Crossover (from another sensor)	
Trigger Modes	Single, Normal, AutoTrig, AutoLevel, Free Run	
Trigger Slope	Positive or negative	
Trigger Delay		
Range	+/- 1.0 s (timebase dependent)	
Resolution	0.02 divisions	
Trigger Holdoff (arming control)		
Modes	Off, Holdoff, Gap (frame) arming	
Range	10 ns to 1000 ms	
Resolution	10 ns	
Trigger Jitter	≤ 0.1 ns rms	

External Trigger

Logic Thresholds High: > 2.4 V, Low: < 0.7 V

< 10 ns

Maximum Input Range-0.1 V to 5.1 VInput Impedance10 kOhmsMinimum Pulse Width10 nsMaximum Repetition Rate50 MHz

Trace Acquisition Speed	> 100,000 triggered sweeps / s	
Measurement Speed over USB		
Triggered or Free-run	100,000 readings / s (buffered mode)	
Continuous Query/Response	1000 measurements / s	

## Interface Connectivity

Data Interface	USB 2.0 Hi-Speed
Device Type	USB High-Power device, bus powered
Current draw	500 mA max (480 mA typical)

Connector Type B, locking

Multi-I/O

Connector type SMB female

 Input Modes
 Ext Trig, Crossover Slave, Analog

 Output Modes
 Timebase ref, Sweep, Trig Threshold,

Crossover Master, Status

Software Interface

Application Programming Interface Windows DLL

Graphical User Interface

Supported Operating Systems

Windows 7 (32-bit and 64-bit)

Windows 8 (32-bit and 64-bit)

Windows 10

System Hardware Requirements

Processor 1.3 GHz or higher recommended

RAM 512 MB (1 GB or more recommended)

Hard Disk Space Min 1.0 GB free space to install or run

Display Resolution 800 x 600 (1280 x 1024 or higher recommended)

#### Power Analyzer™ Software

Display Types

Trace (power vs time) Meter (numeric display)
CCDF Statistical measurements

Automatic measurements (pulse / multiple pulse analysis, marker measurements)

Marker Measurements (in Trace View)

Markers (vertical cursors) Settable in time relative to the trigger position

Marker Independently Power at specified time

Pair of Markers:

Min and max power between markers and ratio or average power between them.

Ref Lines (horizontal cursors) Settable in power

Automatic Tracking -

 $Intersection\ of\ either\ marker\ and\ the\ waveform.\ Either\ marker\ and\ pulse\ distal,\ mesial\ or\ proximal\ levels.$ 

Pulse Mode – Automatic Measurements

Pulse width
Pulse period
Pulse rise-time
Pulse repetition frequency
Pulse off-time
Pulse off-time
Pulse average
Pulse average
Pulse overshoot
Top level power
Pulse period
Pulse fall-time
Pulse duty cycle
Pulse

Edge delay Pulse edge skew between channels

Statistical	Mode -	Automatic	Measurement	ς

Peak power	Average power		
Minimum power	Peak to average ratio		
Dynamic range	Percent at reference line		
Crest factor at markers	Crest factor at various probabilities		
One stational Demoisements	Tests newformed nor MIL 20000F (Class 2)		
Operational Requirements	Tests performed per MIL-28800F (Class3)		
Operating Temperature	0 C to 55 C		
Storage Temperature	-40 C to +70 C		
Relative Humidity (non-condensing)	< 45 % at 50 C		
	< 75 % at 40 C		
	< 95 % at 30 C		
Altitude	3048 m max		
Shock	30 g half-sine, 11 ms duration		
Vibration	Sinusoidal: 5 Hz to 55 Hz, 3 g max		
	Random: 10 Hz to 500 Hz, 2.34 g rms		
	Power Spectral Density: 0.01 g <sup>2</sup> / Hz		
Regulatory Compliance	Class A Equipment		
European Union	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, EN 61326:2013, EN 55011:2019		
Laropean omen	Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU, EN 61010-1:2001		
	RoHS Directive 2015/863/EU		
Australia and New Zealand	RCM AS/NZS 4417:2012		
General Characteristics			
Power Consumption	2.5W max (USB High-Power device)		
Dimensions (HxWxD)	1.7" x 1.7" x 5.7"		
	(4.3 cm x 4.3 cm x 14.5 cm)		
Weight	0.8 lbs (0.36 kg)		
Warranty	3 years		

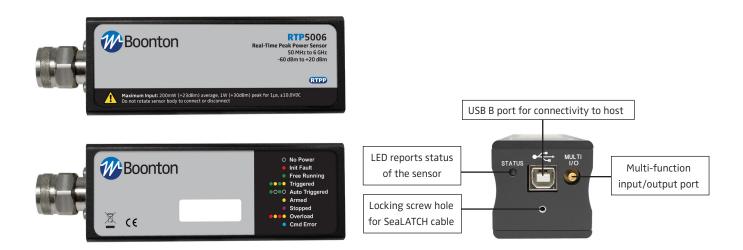


Figure 6a. Top and bottom views of the RTP5000 series sensors. The information labels on the RTP series sensors contain information on the maximum power levels the device can handle and the meaning of the various status LED flash patterns.

Figure 6b. End view of the RTP5000 series sensors.

## **Ordering Information**

RTP5006	Real-Time Peak Power Sensor 50 MHz to 6 GHz
RTP5318	Real-Time Peak Power Sensor 50 MHz to 18 GHz
RTP5518	Real-Time Peak Power Sensor 50 MHz to 18 GHz
RTP5340	Real-Time Peak Power Sensor 50 MHz to 40 GHz
RTP5540	Real-Time Peak Power Sensor 50 MHz to 40 GHz
Included Accessories	
84620400A	Information Card
57500800A	0.9 m BNC (m) to SMB (m) cable
57500900A	0.9 m SMB (m) to SMB (m) cable
57401000A	1.8 m USB A (m) to USB B (m) locking SeaLATCH cable
Options	
RTP5006-ACAL0	17025 Accredited Calibration for RTP5006
RTP5318-ACALO	17025 Accredited Calibration for RTP5318
RTP5518-ACAL0	17025 Accredited Calibration for RTP5518
RTP5xxx-CAL1	Prepaid Z540 Calibration for RTP5xxx
RTP5006-ACAL1	Prepaid 17025 Accredited Calibration for RTP5006
RTP5318-ACAL1	Prepaid 17025 Accredited Calibration for RTP5318
RTP5318-ACAL1	Prepaid 17025 Accredited Calibration for RTP5318
RTP5xxx-CARE1	Prepaid Z540 Calibration and Repair for RTP5xxx
xxx = 006, 318, 518, 340, or 540	